# My "red brown" = "var. rubens" Moquin-Tandon. "white" = "var. alba" " " "brown" = "var. albocincta" Cockerell, chiefly.

brown = val. *utoocincia* Cockeren, chieny.

Miscellaneous.—I. Habitat: H. striolata dwells in waste ground, in open woods, under decaying leaves, sticks and matted vegetation; chiefly on the flats: less on the hillside. 2. Habits: Twice on cool rainy days the snails have been observed crawling over fallen leaves. Once we saw a few individuals climbing up the trunk of a willow tree to a height of three or four feet.

3. Molluscan Associates.

Common: Arion circumscriptus Johnston, Deroceras agreste (L.), Cochlicopa lubrica (Mull.), Gonyodiscus cronkhitei anthonyi Pils., Vallonia pulchella (Mull.), Vallonia costata (Mull.).

Scarce: Oxychilus cellarius (Mull.), Deroceras campestre (Say)?, Zonitoides nitida (Mull.)?.

# ADDITIONAL DATA ON COPIES OF SAY'S AMERICAN CONCHOLOGY

### BY H. E. WHEELER

Recently located copies of Say's American Conchology are as follows. The author requests detailed report on any other copies that may be in public or private libraries.

A copy is reported in the Library of Dr. L. C. Glenn, Vanderbilt University, which contains all the parts, but lacks the Glossary. It was not stated whether this copy has the original covers.

There is a copy in the Library of Charleston, S. C., Museum, which contains six parts and covers to all parts except the 5th. This copy originally belonged to Dr. Edmund Ravenel. There is a letter in the Library from Thomas Say to Dr. Ravenel enquiring whether he had received part 5 and the Glossary, but the Glossary is not with the copy now.

There is also a copy in the Cornell University Library which was purchased in 1897. Parts 6 and 7 are missing, also the Glossary. When this copy was bound by the Library the original covers were not preserved.

Data on a copy in University of Colorado Museum Library were given by Prof. Hugo G. Rodeck in the January NAUTILUS, p. 108.

#### THE NAUTILUS

Dr. W. Adam communicates the following: It may be of interest to record the presence of two copies of Say's "American Conchology'' in the library of the Musée Royal d'Histoire Naturelle de Belgique. The first copy contains 5 parts and the Glossary which are bound in one volume. The covers are missing. The 50 plates are in excellent condition but several pages are agestained. The copy bears the signature of H. Nÿst and the price indication: 36 francs. The second copy is in the library of the late Ph. Dautzenberg. Dautzenberg's collection and library were transferred to our Museum after his death. This copy contains the 7 parts but the Glossary is missing. The 7 complete parts with the covers intact (only the last cover is missing) are bound in one volume. Although some of the pages are age-stained, the copy is in excellent condition. On the last page it contains the following remark written with pencil: "ouvrage trés rare, complet," and as price indication, 125 (probably French francs).

It may be worth noticing that in 1875 a French translation of the first 5 parts appeared in Chenu's "Bibliothéque conchyliologique," première série—Tome III. In this translation the figures of the 50 plates have been reproduced on 17 uncolored plates.

### DR. EMMET RIXFORD

Dr. Rixford of San Francisco died January 2, following an operation. He would have been 73 on February 14. Although he was one of the most eminent surgeons of the West Coast, in active practice up to within a few weeks of his death, Dr. Rixford found time for active interest in several hobbies, horticulture, yachting, mountain climbing and collecting mollusks. He was considered an authority on roses, and served at one time as commodore of the San Francisco yacht fleet. He was a companion of Dr. David Starr Jordan on hiking trips. One of the high peaks of the Sierra is named Mount Rixford in his honor.

He was an excellent land shell collector, and in company with Dr. Hanna discovered *Polygyra penitens*, *Monadenia hirsuta* and collected many other interesting California snails. *Micrarionta rixfordi*, a desert snail which he discovered, was named for him. Some years ago he acquired the old A. W. Crawford collection which he merged with his own.